## To U.S. AIDS CONFIRM SINGAPORE CHARGE OF 1960 CIA PLOT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under previous order of the House, the gentleman from New York [Mr. RYAN] is recognized for 10 minutes.

Mr. RYAN. Mr. Speaker, this morning's New York Times contains news which will surely shock most Americans. It confirms the tale of an attempted bribe of \$3.3 million to the Prime Minister of Singapore, Mr. Lee Kuan Yew, to cover up an unsuccessful CIA operation in 1960.

The story serves to reiterate the need for careful congressional oversight of the Central Intelligence Agency, a need which I have recognized by introducing House Joint Resolution 649, to establish a Joint Committee on Foreign Information and Intelligence. This legislation is. similar to that which I introduced in both the 87th and 88th Congresses.

 I have consistently stated, ever since T was elected to the House in 1960, that it is inconsistent with the basic concepts of our democratic government to allow a large and extremely important agency, such as the Central Intelligence Agency, to avoid the scrutiny of the people and their representatives by hiding behind a veil of secrecy. The Congress and the people have a right to know and a right to regulate the intelligence services of this Nation. This last sordid incident merely underscores the necessity of such regulation.

Rules Committee to conduct hearings in: the near future on my bill and speed the enactment of CIA oversight that is long overdue.

The text of the story follows:

U.S. AIDS CONFIRM SINGAPORE CHARGE OF · 1960 CIA PLOT-DENIAL IS LABELED AN ER-ROR AFTER PRIME MINISTER LEE DISPLAYS RUSK APOLOGY

## (By Max Frankel)

Washington, Sept. 1 .- The State Department yielded to an accuser's evidence today and withdrew a denial of attempted espion-age and bribery by the Central Intelligence Agency in Singapore 6 years ago.

Agency in Singapore b years ago.

In effect, the Department confirmed a charge by Singapore Prime Minister Lee Kuan Yew, that a CIA agent had offered him a \$3.3 million bribe to cover up an unsuccessful CIA operation in 1960.

In the early months of the Kennedy administration, the Department conceded, Secretary of State Dean Rusk wrote a letter of apology to Mr. Lee. The letter took "a very serious view" of the activities of the previous Administration and indicated plans to discipline the offending intelligence agents.

## PENALTY IS UNDISCLOSED

· A spokesman refused today to say what action, if any, had been taken.

It was Prime Minister Lee's disclosure of · the Rusk letter that prompted the State De-'partment to withdraw its denial,

Mr. Lee initially made his charge yesterday in listing several grievances against the .. United States. He said that a CIA man had been caught trying to buy information from Singapore intelligence officials and that the . United States had then offered him \$3.3 mil-. lion for personal and political use if he would conceal the affair.

The Prime Minister said he had asked in-

velopment aid for Singapore. U.S. aid to all of Malaysia, the federation from which Singapore withdrew this summer, was \$3.5 million in 1963 and \$4 million in 1964.

### INITIAL DENIAL WAS PROMPT

Mr. Lee's recollection of the incident drew immediate denials from James D. Bell, the U.S. Ambassador to Malaysia, and several hours later from the State Department.

Robert J. McCloskey, the Department's spokesmen, said yesterday: "First, we are surprised at these statements attributed to Prime Minister Lee. With respect to allegations of a CIA involvement, we deny that

allegation."
After Mr. Lee produced the letter from Secretary Rusk, dated April 15, 1961, and threatoned to broadcast tape recordings to prove his charge, an embarrassed Mr. McCloskey corrected himself.

"Those who were consulted yesterday were not fully aware of the background of the incident, which occurred 4½ years ago," he said. He acknowledged Mr. Rusk's letter without describing the "unfortunate incident" for which the Secretary has asked forgiveness. It was the same incident that Prime Minister Lee was talking about, Mr. McCloskey added.

### RUSK DISTRESSED

Mr. Rusk's letter said:
"Dean Mr. Paime Minister: I am deeply distressed to learn that certain officials of the U.S. Government have been found by your Government to have been engaged in improper activities in Singapore. I want you to know I regret very much that this unfortunate incident had occurred to mar the friendly relations that exist between our two Governments.

The new administration takes a very serious view of this matter and in fact is review-Mr. Speaker, I call upon the House ing activities of these officials for disciplinary action.
"Sincerely yours,

# DEAN RUSK."

Apparently, Secretary Rusk was not consulted yesterday before the denial was issued. Relatively new officials in the Far East Division of the Department were said to have been unaware of the case, and apparently then failed to consult the files. The CIA apparently relayed the denial of wrongdoing that it customarily issues to the rest of the Government when confronted by such

Asked whether Ambassador Bell had been similarly uninformed of the background, the Department spokesman said he had. No further approaches were made today to the Singapore Government. The case was long ago marked "closed" in the files here, Mr. McCloskey added.

## U-2 INCIDENT IS RECALLED

The affair reminiscent of the 1960 case in 's which the State Department denied that a U-2 reconnaissance plane had ventured deep into Soviet territory. Moscow denounced the intrusion without immediately disclosing that the plane and the pilot had been captured. Later the United States was forced to

admit a falschood.

Prime Minister Lee's sudden public attacks upon the United States are described here as puzzling. In addition to the CIA incident, he has complained about delays in arranging for an American physician to at-tend to a close friend—some suggest that the friend was his wife—and about a general. 'insensitivity" of Americans in Asia.

Mr. Los declared yesterday that he would never let Americans replace the British in maintaining a military base in Singapore, but the severity of his attack seemed to go. beyond concern about the base. ... ...

. Some officials suggested that he might have .

of Singapore's independence outside the Malaysian federation, but officials termed this an inadequate explanation.

# LEE ANGERED BY DENIAL

SINCAPORE, Sept. 1-Washington's denial of Singapore's charge against the CIA aroused

Prime Minister Lee to anger today.
Escorting reporters into his office, he angrily jerked out files stamped "top secret." Pressing the Rusk letter into an American correspondent's face, he said, "The Americans stupidly deny the undeniable."

### LIKE "GOLDFINGER"

"If the Americans go on denying," he said, "I will have to disclose further details, which may sound like James Bond and "Goldfinger" only not as good, but putrid and grotesque enough. It will do them no good and our future relations no good."

Prime Minister Lee's press secretary, Li Vei Chin, said the Americans' \$3 million bribe offer was made in January 1961, before President Kennedy took office. He said Mr. Kennedy had inherited the problem and "to his credit" ruled that no money would be given "under the counter." Compensation would be given publicly instead, as foreign aid, according to Mr. Li's account of the Kennedy decision.

Prime Minister Lee said he had full reports and documents relating to the incident, including transcripts of tape recordings, in-

terrogations and meetings.
"If they continue denying it, I will play some of these tapes on Singapore radio, Lee added. "If they continue to repeat the denial, I will have to disclose who the intermediary was, and very high circles would be greatly embarrassed."

He added: "The Americans should know the character of the men they are dealing with in Singapore and not get themselves further dragged into calumny. They are not dealing with Ngo Dinh Diem or Syngman Rhee. You do not buy and sell this Government."

Besides the letter attributed to Mr. Rusk, the Prime Minister displayed an accompanying note, said to be from W. P. Maddox, who was the United States Counsul General in 1961. Explaining his disclosure of the documents, Mr. Lee said they were "open letters, open apologies, so I released them."